

VIII. OFFICER ACCOUNTABILITY

PPB and the City shall ensure that all complaints regarding officer conduct are fairly addressed; that all investigative findings are supported by a preponderance of the evidence and documented in writing; that officers and complainants receive a fair and expeditious resolution of complaints; and that all officers who commit misconduct are held accountable pursuant to a disciplinary system that is fair and consistent. The City and PPB seek to strengthen the community input mechanisms that already exist in the PPB's misconduct investigations by implementing a Community Board for Police Accountability (CBPA) and Office of Community-based Police Accountability (OCPA), together referred to as the Oversight System, as provided in this Agreement. The CBPA will be made up of community members. The OCPA staff will investigate allegations of misconduct within the CBPA's jurisdiction, and the CBPA will make disciplinary decisions for matters within its jurisdiction. IA will investigate allegations of misconduct for which the Oversight System does not have jurisdiction. The City shall maintain the current IPR and IA system until the Oversight System described herein is implemented and starts taking and investigating complaints, and IPR has completed any pending investigations.

A. Investigation Timeframe

121. PPB and the City shall complete all administrative investigations of officer misconduct, including but not limited to supervisory investigations, within one-hundred eighty (180) days of receipt of a complaint of misconduct, or discovery of misconduct by other means. For the purposes of this provision, completion of administrative investigations includes all steps from intake of complaints through approval of recommended findings by either the CBPA or the Chief, as appropriate. Intake of a complaint occurs when the investigating entity receives sufficient information about the allegation(s) to undertake an investigation.

122. PPB and the Oversight System shall conduct administrative investigations concurrently with criminal investigations, if any, concerning the same incident. All administrative

investigations shall be subject to appropriate tolling periods as necessary to conduct concurrent criminal investigations, or as otherwise provided by law, or as necessary to meet any recommendation from the reviewing authority at PPB or CBPA to further investigate. In addition, PPB and the Oversight System may toll up to 10 business days per investigation when necessary to ensure either the complainant's or involved member's attorney is available to accompany them at an intake or investigatory meeting.

123. If PPB or the Oversight System is unable to meet these timeframe targets, it shall undertake and provide to the Monitor a written review of the investigation process, to identify the source of the delays and implement an action plan for reducing them, if practical.

B. On Scene Public Safety Statements and Interviews

124. Within 90 days of the Effective Date, the City and PPB shall review its protocols for compelled statements to PSD or the Oversight System and revise as appropriate so that it complies with applicable law and current professional standards, pursuant to *Garrity v. New Jersey*, 385 U.S. 493 (1967). The City will submit the revised protocol to DOJ for review and approval. Within 45 days of obtaining DOJ's approval, PPB shall ensure that all officers are advised on the revised protocol.

125. Separation of all witness and involved officers to lethal force events is necessary in order to safeguard the integrity of the investigation of that event. Immediately following any lethal force event, the City shall continue to issue a communication restriction order ("CRO") to all witness and involved officers, prohibiting direct or indirect communications between those officers regarding the facts of the event. The CRO will continue, unless extended further, until the conclusion of the Grand Jury or, if no Grand Jury is convened, until a disposition is determined by the District Attorney.

126. PPB shall continue to require witness officers to lethal force events to give an on- scene briefing to any supervisor and/or a member of the Detective Division to ensure that victims, suspects, and witnesses are identified, evidence is located, and provide any information

that may be required for the safe resolution of the incident, or any other information as may be required.

127. In agreement and collaboration with the Multnomah County District Attorney, PPB shall request that involved officers in lethal force and in-custody death events provide a voluntary, on-scene walk-through and interview, unless the officer is incapacitated.

C. Conduct of Investigations

128. IA and the Oversight System shall collaborate to determine which entity has jurisdiction over the investigation and to ensure there is not redundant interview of witnesses by both the Oversight System and IA.

129. The City shall ensure that all allegations of use of excessive force are subject to full and completed investigations resulting in findings, unless there is clear and convincing evidence that the allegation has no basis in fact. A matter may be administratively closed, subject to reopening based on additional evidence, in the following circumstances: 1) a full investigation is not feasible without additional information from the Complainant and the Complainant cannot be reached or refuses to participate; or 2) the involved officer cannot be identified. Prior to administratively closing any matter under this paragraph, the investigating entity shall document the investigative efforts undertaken and explain why additional investigative steps were not feasible without additional information.

130. Intentionally left blank.

131. The City shall adopt an Oversight System to perform administrative investigations for matters under their jurisdiction, make findings and conclusions on administrative complaints under their jurisdiction, and impose corrective action as applicable under any binding disciplinary rules.

- a. All CBPA members must meet the following qualifications:
 - i. Pass a background check performed by an entity other than the PPB;
 - ii. Receive training about the Bureau's history, procedures, policy development

- process, and PPB's training on de-escalation, equity, bias-based policing, and crisis intervention, as well as training on the Oversight System's history, internal structure, and processes (including bylaws, rules, and procedures);
- iii. Sign a confidentiality agreement;
 - iv. Participate in a ride-along and PPB Community Academy to maintain sufficient knowledge of police patrol procedures; and
 - v. Other qualifications as determined appropriate by City Council.
- b. City Council shall have authority to remove a member of the CBPA for cause, including, but not limited, to the following reasons:
- i. Unexcused absences, failure to participate, or inactivity;
 - ii. Excessive excused absences;
 - iii. Failure to timely disclose an actual conflict of interest;
 - iv. Official misconduct (See ORS 162.405-162.415);
 - v. Breach of confidentiality;
 - vi. Objective demonstration of bias for or against the police;
 - vii. Objective demonstration of conflict of interest; or
 - viii. Other bases as determined appropriate by City Council.

132. By majority vote of a panel of three or more CBPA members, Oversight System administrative investigations of misconduct of PPB sworn members and supervisors thereof within the jurisdiction of the Oversight System may be returned to the OCPA investigator to perform further investigation as to factual matters necessary to reach a finding regarding the alleged misconduct. The investigating entity must make reasonable attempts to conduct the additional investigation or obtain the additional information within 10 business days or provide a written statement to the CBPA explaining why additional time is needed.

133. If an identified PPB officer's use of force gives rise to a finding of liability in a civil trial, the City shall: (1) ensure PPB enters that civil liability finding in the EIS; (2) reevaluate the officer's fitness to participate in all current and prospective specialized units; (3) if no investigation has previously been conducted based upon the same allegation of misconduct and reached an administrative

finding, conduct a full investigation with the civil trial finding creating a rebuttable presumption that the force used also violated PPB policy, which presumption can only be overcome by specific, credible evidence by a preponderance of evidence; (4) if an investigation has already concluded based upon the same allegation of misconduct and failed to reach a sustained finding, identify whether any new evidence exists in the record of the civil trial to justify the reopening of the investigation, and if so, reinitiate an investigation; and (5) if an investigation has already concluded based upon the same allegation of misconduct and failed to reach a sustained finding, and no new evidence from the civil trial justifies reopening the investigation, the investigative entity will work to identify the reason why the administrative finding was contrary to the civil trial finding and publish a summary of the results of the inquiry.

D. Intentionally Left Blank

134. Intentionally left blank.

135. Intentionally left blank.

136. Intentionally left blank.

E. Discipline

137. Within 60 days of the Effective Date, PPB and the City shall ensure there are binding discipline rules to ensure that discipline for sustained allegations of misconduct is based on the nature of the allegation and defined, consistent mitigating and aggravating factors and to provide discipline that is reasonably predictable and consistent. In all instances, the City shall follow any statutorily mandated disciplinary standards.

F. Intentionally Left Blank

138. Intentionally left blank.

139. Intentionally left blank.

140. Intentionally left blank.