# BLENDED SOIL SPECIFICATION FOR VEGETATED STORMWATER SYSTEMS

The following specifications are taken from the 2020 City of Portland Standard Construction Specifications (SCS), as amended or corrected, and are applicable to the requirements in the Stormwater Management Manual. Facilities include swales, planters, curb extensions, and basins.

01040.14(d) Stormwater Facility Blended Soil\*

\*NOTE: This specification is required for all public facilities. Private facilities must use blended topsoil that meets the General Composition requirements of 01040.14 (d) (1). Testing and submittals are not required for private facilities unless they are requested by the Bureau permitting the work.

**01040.14 Topsoil** - Furnish topsoil containing no substance detrimental to the growth of plants and that is free of Noxious Weeds and Nuisance Plants. Unsuitable topsoil, or topsoil placed without approval in areas to be planted, may be required to be replaced at no additional cost to the Owner.

(d) Stormwater Facility Blended Soil – Follow the Contract Documents for stormwater facility blended soil. Furnish imported blended soil for vegetated stormwater facilities conforming to the following:

(1) General Composition - Use a blended material incorporating loamy soil, sand, and compost that is 30 to 40 percent compost by volume and meets the other criteria in this specification. The loamy soil must be subsoil taken from at least one (1) foot below grade to reduce the potential for contaminants such as weed seeds.

### a. Analysis Requirements for the Blended Material:

**Particle Gradation** - - A sieve analysis of the blended sand and soil, not including compost, shall be conducted in conformance with ASTM C 117/C 136, AASHTO T 11/T 27, ASTM D 7928/D 1140, or ASTM D 6913.

Sieve Size	Percent Passing
1 inch	100
# 4	85 -100
# 10	50-100
# 40	20-60
# 100	10-40
# 200	10-20

**Acidity** - Acidity - The pH (power of hydrogen) of the blended material shall be tested and have a pH between six (6) to eight (8).

## (2) Blended Material General Requirements:

- Loose and easily broken into small pieces.
- Well mixed and homogenous.
- Free of wood pieces, plastic, and other foreign matter.
- Have no visible free water.

(3) Compost - The compost shall be derived from plant material and provided by a member of the US Composting Council Seal of Testing Assurance (STA) program. See <a href="http://www.compostingcouncil.org">www.compostingcouncil.org</a> for a list of local providers.

The compost shall be the result of the biological degradation and transformation of plantderived materials under conditions designed to promote aerobic decomposition. The material shall be well composted, free of viable weed seeds, and stable with regard to oxygen consumption and carbon dioxide generation. The compost shall have no visible free water and produce no dust when handled. It shall meet the following criteria, as reported by the US Composting Council STA Compost Technical Data Sheet provided by the vendor.

- 100 percent of the material must pass through a 1/2-inch screen.
- The pH of the material shall be between six (6) min and 8.5 max.
- Manufactured inert material (plastic, concrete, ceramics, metal, etc.) shall be less than 1.0 percent by weight.
- The organic matter content shall be between 30 and 70 percent (dry weight basis).
- Soluble salt content shall be less than 6.0 mmhos/cm.
- Maturity Indicator shall be greater than 80 percent for germination and vigor.
- Stability shall be 'stable' to 'very stable'.
- Carbon/nitrogen (C/N) ratio shall be less than 25:1.
- Trace metals test result = "pass."
- (4) **Submittals** At least 14 calendar working days in advance of construction, provide the following:

**a.** Documentation for the two (2) analyses described in section 01040.14(d)(1)(b) - An accredited laboratory with current certification maintained shall perform particle gradation with calculated coefficient of uniformity and pH. The date of the analyses shall be no more than 90 calendar days prior to the date of the submittal. The report shall include the following information:

- Name and address of the laboratory.
- Phone contact and e-mail address for the laboratory.
- Test data, including the date and name of the test procedure.

**b.** A compost technical data sheet from the compost vendor - The analysis and report must conform to the sampling and reporting requirements of the US Composting Council Seal of Testing Assurance (STA) program. The analysis shall be performed and reported by an approved independent STA program laboratory and be no more than 90 calendar days prior to the date of the submittal.

- **c.** Two (2) five (5)-gallon buckets of the blended material or as requested by the Owner's Representative.
- d. The location and name of the source of the loamy soil.
- e. Stormwater facility blended soil installation see section 01040.43(c).

(5) Stormwater Facility Blended Soil Installation - See 01040.43(e).

#### Construction

#### 01040.43(g) Stormwater Facility Blended Soil:

(1) Stormwater Blended Soil Protection from Contaminants - The material shall be protected from all sources of contamination, including weed seeds, while at the supplier, in conveyance, and at the project site.

(2) Stormwater Blended Soil Protection at the Site - protect installed stormwater facility blended soil from foot or equipment traffic and surface water runoff. Install temporary fencing or walkways as needed to keep workers, pedestrians, and equipment out of the installation area. Do not store materials and equipment on top of the installation area.

(3) Stormwater Blended Soil Hauling and Placement - Hauling and placement of the blended stormwater soil will not be allowed when the weather is too wet or the ground is frozen or saturated as determined by the Owner's Representative.

(4) Stormwater Blended Soil Placement - Place blended stormwater soil in loose lifts not to exceed eight (8) inches. Compact each lift with a waterfilled landscape roller. Do not mechanically compact.

(5) Stormwater Blended Soil Erosion Control - Temporary erosion control measures are required until permanent stabilization measures are functional.